Chapter No		Topics				
UNIT A		BACKDROP OF COMPUTERS 35 Hr				
Chapter 1		Typical configuration of Computer system				
	1.1	Introduction				
	1.2	Motherboard				
	1.2.1	Introduction to Motherboard				
	1.2.2	Types of Motherboards				
	1.2.3	Components of Motherboard				
	1.3	Memory				
	1.4	Power supply to the computer system				
	1.5	Assembling the computer system				
Chapter 2		Boolean Algebra				
	2.1	Introduction				
	2.2	Binary valued quantities-constants and variables				
	2.3	Logical operations				
	2.3.1	Logical functions or compound statements				
	2.3.2	Logical operators				
	2.4	Evaluation of Boolean expressions using truth table				
	2.4.1	Basic logic gates				
	2.5	Basic postulates of Boolean Algebra (with proof)				
	2.5.1	Properties of 0 and 1				
	2.5.2	Indempotence law				
	2.5.3	Involution law				
	2.5.4	Complementarity law				
	2.5.5	Commutative law				
	2.5.6	Associative law				
	2.5.7	Distributive law-different forms				
	2.5.8	Absorption law				
	2.6	De Morgan's theorems				
	2.6.1	De Morgan's I theorem				
	2.6.2	De Morgan's II theorem				
	2.6.3	Applications of De Morgan's theorems				
	2.6.4	Basic duality of Boolean algebra				
	2.7	Derivation of Boolean expressions				
2.7.1 2.7.2		Min terms				
		Max terms				
	2.7.3	Canonical expressions				
	2.7.4	Minimization of Boolean expressions				
	2.8	Simplification using Karnaugh map				
	2.8.1	Sum-of-product reduction using Karnaugh map				
	2.8.2	Product-of-sum reduction using Karnaugh map				

Chapter 3	Logic gates					
-	3.1	Introduction				
	3.1.1	Invertor (NOT gate)				
	3.1.2	OR gate				
	3.1.3	AND Gate				
	3.2	Derived Gates				
	3.2.1	NOR Gate				
	3.2.2	NAND Gate				
	3.2.3	XOR Gate				
	3.2.4	XNOR Gate				
	3.2.5	Circuit diagram				
	3.2.6	NAND,NOR as universal Gates				
Chapter 4		DATA STRUCTURE				
	4.1	Introduction				
	4.2	Data representation				
	4.3	Classification of Data structures				
	4.3.1	Primitive Data structure				
	4.3.2	Operations on primitive data structures				
	4.3.3	Non-primitive Data structures				
	4.3.4	Linear data structure				
	4.3.5	Non-Linear data structure				
	4.4	Operations on linear data structures				
	4.5	Arrays				
	4.5.1	Types of array Memory representation of data				
	4.5.2	One dimensional array				
	4.5.3	Memory representation one dimensional array				
	4.5.4	Basic operations on one-dimensional array				
	4.5.5	Traversing using one dimension array				
	4.5.6	Searching an element				
	4.5.7	Insertion of an element				
	4.5.8	Deletion of an element				
	4.5.9	Sorting the elements				
	4.5.10	Two dimension Array				
	4.6	Stacks				
	4.6.1	Introduction				
	4.6.2	Representation of stacks in memory				
	4.6.3	Operations on stacks				
	4.6.4	Applications of Stacks				
	4.7	Queues				
	4.7.1	Introduction				
	4.7.2	Types of Queues				

	4.7.3	Operations on queues
	4.7.4	Memory representation of queues
	4.7.5	Applications of Queues
	4.8	Linked lists
	4.8.1	Introduction
	4.8.2	Types of linked list
	4.8.3	Operations on single linked lists
	4.9	Non-Linear data structure
	4.9.1	Introduction
	4.9.2	Trees
	4.9.3	Graphs
U	NIT B	COMPUTING IN C++ 45 Hrs
Chapter 5		Review of C++
_	5.1	Review of c++ language
	5.2	Fundementals of c++
	5.3	Structure of c++ program
	5.4	Libraray functions
	5.5	Data types
	5.6	Input and output operations
	5.7	Control statements
	5.8	Arrays
	5.9	Functions
	5.10	User-defined Functions
	5.11	Structures
Chapter 6		Basic concepts of OOP
	6.1	Introduction
	6.2	Basic concepts of OOP
	6.2.1	Objects
	6.2.2	Classes
	6.2.3	Data Abstraction
	6.2.4	Data Encapsulation
	6.2.5	Inheritance
	6.2.6	Overloading
	6.2.7	Polymorphism
	6.2.8	Dynamic Biding
	6.2.9	Message passing
	6.3	Advantages of OOP over earlier programming methods
	6.4	Limitations of OOP
	6.5	Applications of OOP

Chapter 7		Classes and objects					
-	7.1	Introduction					
	7.2	Definition and declaration of classes and objects					
	7.3	Access specifiers (scope of class & its members)					
	7.3.1	Private					
	7.3.2	Public					
	7.3.3	Protected Members of the class					
	7.4						
	7.5	Member functions					
	7.5.1	Member functions inside class definition					
	7.5.2	Member functions out side class definition					
	7.6	Defining objects of a class					
	7.7	Arrays as members of class					
	7.8	Array of objects					
	7.9	Objects as function arguments					
	7.10	Diffrences between structures and classes in C++					
Chapter 8		Function overloading					
	8.1	Introduction					
	8.2	Need for function overloading					
	8.3	Definition and declaration of overloaded function					
	8.4	Restrictions on overloaded function					
	8.4.1	Calling over loaded functions					
	8.5	Other functions in a class					
	8.5.1	Inline function					
	8.5.2	Friend function					
Chapter 9		Constructor and Destructor					
	9.1	Introduction					
	9.2	Declaration and definition of constructor					
	9.3	Types of constructors					
	9.3.1	Default constructor					
	9.3.2	Parameterized constructor					
	9.3.3	Copy constructor					
	9.4	Constructor overloading					
	9.5	Destructor					
Chapter 10		Inheritance(Extending classes)					
	10.1	Introduction					
	10.2	Base class					
	10.3	Derived class					
	10.3.1	Defining derived class					
	10.3.2	Public derived class					
	10.3.3	Private derived class					

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10.3.4	Protected dervied class			
10.4	Visibility modes			
10.4.1	Public inheritance			
10.4.2	Private inheritance			
10.4.3	Protected inheritance			
10.5	Levels of inheritance			
10.5.1	Single level inheritance			
10.5.2	Multilevel inheritance			
10.5.3	Multiple inheritance			
10.5.4	Hierarchical inheritance			
10.5.5	Hybrid inheritance			
10.6	Relationship between classes			
10.6.1	Virtual base classes			
10.6.2	Abstract classes			
10.6.3	Constructors in Derived classes			
10.6.4	Destructors in Dervied classes			
	Pointers			
11.1	Introduction			
11.2	Memory representation of pointers			
11.3	Declaration & initialization of pointers			
11.4	Address operator			
11.5	Pointer operator(indirection operator)			
11.6	Pointer arithmetic			
11.7	Pointer and arrays			
11.8	Arrays of pointers			
11.9	Pointers to strings			
11.10	Pointer as function parameters			
11.11	Pointer and structures			
11.12	Memory allocation of pointers(static and dynamic)			
11.12.1	Static allocation of memory			
11.12.2	Dynamic allocation of memory-new and delete			
11.13	Free store (heap memory)			
11.14	Memory leak			
11.15	Self Referential Structure			
11.16	Pointers and functions			
11.16.1	Invoking functions by passing the references			
11.16.2	Invoking functions by passing the pointers			
11.16.2 11.17	Memory comes and memory goes			
	10.4 10.4.1 10.4.2 10.4.3 10.5 10.5.1 10.5.2 10.5.3 10.5.4 10.5.5 10.6 10.6.1 10.6.2 10.6.3 10.6.4 11.1 11.2 11.3 11.4 11.5 11.6 11.7 11.8 11.9 11.10 11.11 11.12 11.12.1 11.12.1 11.12.1 11.12.1 11.13.1 11.14.1 11.15.1 11.16.1			

Chapter 12		Data file handling
Chapter 12	12.1	Introduction
	12.2	Header files(fstream.h)
	12.2.1	Classes for file stream operation
	12.3	Types of data files
	12.3.1	Text file
	12.3.2	Binary file
	12.4	Opening & closing files
	12.4.1	Opening file using constructor
	12.4.2	Using open()
	12.4.3	File modes -In ,out, app modes
	12.4.4	closing files
	12.5	Input and output operation in text files
	12.6	Detecting end of file
	12.7	
TINI		File pointers -tellg(), tellp(), seekg(), seekp() functions
	TC	LARGE DATA, DATABASE & QUERIES
Chapter 13	13.1	Database Concepts Introduction
	13.1	
	13.3	Appllications of database
	13.4	Origin of Data : Facts,data,information,features Evolution of database
	13.5	
	13.6	Data processing cycle Data base terms
	13.7	
	13.8	Data Types in DBMS DBMS
	13.9	Data abstraction
	13.10	Data independence
	13.11	Data independence Database Model
		Hierarchial data model
	13.11.2	Network data Model
		Relational Data model
	13.12	Codd's Rules
	13.13	Logical data concepts
	13.13.1	Normalization
	13.13.2	Entity-relationship Model
	13.13.3	Cardinality
	13.14	KEYS-Primary, Secondary, Candidate, Foreign, Alternate
	13.15	Relational Algebra
	13.16	Data warehousing
	13.17	Data Mining
	13.17	Data Milling

Chapter 14	,	Structured Query Language
141	14.1	Introduction
	14.1.1	SQL Architecture
	14.2	SQL commands
	14.2.1	DDL
	14.2.2	DML
	14.3	Data types in SQL
	14.3.1	Exact Numeric data types
	14.3.2	Floating point Numeric data types
	14.3.3	Date and time data types
	14.3.4	Character and string data type
	14.4	Operators in SQL
	14.4.1	SQL arithemetic operators
	14.4.2	Comparison operators
	14.4.3	Logical operators
	14.5	SQL expressions
	14.5.1	SQL Boolean Expression
	14.5.2	SQL Numeric expression
	14.5.3	Date expression
	14.6	SQL constraints
	14.6.1	Primary key
	14.6.2	Foreign Key or Referential integrity
	14.6.3	Not NULL constraint
	14.6.4	Unique Key
	14.6.5	Check constraint
	14.7	Implementation of SQL Commands
	14.7.1	Create table statement
	14.7.2	Alter
	14.7.3	Insert Statement
	14.7.4	Select statement
	14.7.5	AND operator
	14.7.6	OR operator
	14.7.7	Update statement
	14.7.8	Delete Statement
	14.7.9	Order by
	14.7.10	Group by
	14.7.11	Distinct statement
	14.7.12	Join
	14.7.13	NULL
	14.8.1	Create View
	14.9.1	Commit

	Т		1
	14.10	DCL commands	
	14.10.1	Grant command	
	14.10.2	Revoke command	
	14.11	Built-In Function	
	14.11.1	Single row function	
	14.11.2	Group function	
UNIT D	ADVANC	ED CONCEPTS IN COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOG	Y 20Hrs
Chapter 15		Networking Concepts	
	15.1	Introduction	
	15.1.1	Networking Goals	
	15.1.2	Need of networking	
	15.2.1	Arpanet	
	15.2.2	OSI reference Model	
	15.2.3	TCP/IP	
	15.3.1	HTTP	
	15.3.2	FTP	
	15.3.3	SLIP	
	15.4.1	Internet	
	15.4.2	Interspace	
	15.4.3	Elementary terminologies of networking	
	15.4.4	Types of services	
	15.4.5	Types of networking	
	15.4.6	Networking Topologies	
	15.4.7	Transmission medium	
	15.4.8	Switching techniques	
	15.4.9	Communication modes	
	15.4.10	Networking devices	
	15.5.1	Gateway	
	15.6.1	SIM	
	15.7.1	GPRS	
	15.8.1	Applications of Networking	
	15.8.2	Wi-fi	
	15.9.1	Network security	
	15.10.1	Cookies	
	15.11.1	Virus	
Chapter 16		Internet and Open source concepts	
1	1	l+	4

16.1

16.1.2

16.1.3 16.1.4 Introduction Free software

Open source software

OSS and FLOSS

16.1.5 GNU	
16.1.6 FSF	
16.2.1 OSI 16.2.2 W3C	
16.2.3 Proprietary software	
16.2.4 www	
16.2.5 Telnet	
16.2.6 Web browser	
16.2.7 Webserver	
16.2.8 Webpage	
16.3 URL and domain	
16.4 E-Commerce	
16.4.1 Types of E-commerce	
16.4.2 Advantages of e-commerce	
16.5 IPR issues	
Chapter 17 Web designing	
17.1 Introduction	
17.1.1 HTML structure	
17.2.1 Advanced HTML tags/commands	
17.2.2 Text formating	
17.2.3 Resizing text	
17.2.4 Example for resizing text	
17.2.5 Text layout	
17.2.6 Number listing	
17.2.7 Links	
17.2.8 Inserting images	
17.2.9 Background	
17.2.10 Background color and fixed images	
17.2.11 Tables	
17.2.12 Frames	
17.2.13 Forms	
17.2.14 Settings and text fields	
17.3.1 Web Hosting	
17.3.2 Domain registration	
17.4.1 Uploading HTML file	
17.5.1 XML	
17.6.1 DYNAMIC HTML	
17.7.1 Web scripting	
Model Question Paper	

DESIGN OF QUESTION PAPER

CLASS: SECOND PUC

SUBJECT: COMPUTER SCIENCE (41)

Time: 3Hours 15 Minutes(of which minutes for reading the questions Paper).

Max.Marks:70

The weightage of the distribution of marks over different dimensions of the question paper shall be as follows:

Weightage to Objectives:

Objective	Weightage	Marks
Knowledge	30%	31
Understanding	40%	43
Application	20%	21
Skill	10%	10
Total	100%	105

Weight age to Content/Subject units: Computer Science(41)

Unit	Description	VSA(1	SA(2	LA(3	E(5Marks)	Total
		Mark)	Marks)	Marks)		Marks
A	BACKDROP OF COMPUTERS	3	2	3	3	31
35						
Hrs						
В	COMPUTING IN C++	2	3	2	5	39
45Hrs						
C	LARGE DATA, DATABASE &	1	2	1	2	18
20Hrs	QUERIES					
D	ADVANCED CONCEPTS IN	4	1	2	1	17
20Hrs	COMMUNICATION					
	TECHNOLOGY					
	Total Marks	10	16	24	55	105
120	Total No of Questions to be	1X10=10	2X5/8=10	3X5/8=15	<i>5X7/11=35</i>	70/37
Hrs	answered					

UNIT	DESCR IPT ION	VSA (1 Mark)	SA (2 Marks)	LA (3 Marks)	E (5 Marks)	Total Marks
A 35 Hrs	BACKDROP OF COMPUTERS	3	2	3	3	31
Chapter 1 5 Hrs	Typical configuration of Computer system	1		1		4
Chapter 2 10 Hrs	Boolean algebra		2		1	09
Chapter 3 5 Hrs	Logic Gates	1		1		04
Chapter 4 15 Hrs	Data structures	1		1	2	14
B 45Hrs	COMPUTING IN C++	2	3	2	5	39
Chapter 5 3 Hrs	Review of C++ covered in First PUC					
Chapter 6 4 Hrs	OOP concepts		1		1	07
Chapter 7 6 Hrs	Classes and objects	1			1	06
Chapter 8 3 Hrs	Function Overloading				1	05
Chapter 9 8 Hrs	Constructors and Destructors		1		1	07
Chapter 10 8 Hrs	Inheritance				1	05
Chapter 11 7 Hrs	Pointers	1		1		04
Chapter 12 6 Hrs	Data File handling		1	1		05
C 20Hrs	LARGE DATA, DATABASE & QUERIES	1	2	1	2	18
Chapter 13 8 Hrs	Database concepts	1	1	1	1	11
Chapter 14 12 Hrs	SQL commands		1		1	07
D 20Hrs	ADVANCED CONCEPTS IN COMMUNICATIO N TECHNOLOGY	4	1	2	1	17
Chapter 15 10 Hrs	Networking Concepts	2	1		1	9
Chapter 16 5 Hrs	Internet and Open source concepts	1		1		4
Chapter 17 5 Hrs	Web Designing	1		1		4
	Total Marks	10	16	24	55	105
	Total No of Questions to be answered	1X 10=10	2X 5/8=10	3X5/8=15	5X7/11=35	70/37

List of programs to be conducted in practical sessions
Section A C++ and Data structure

Write a program to find the frequency of presence an element in an array. Write a program to insert an element into an array at a given position.

Write a program to delete an element from an array from a given position Write a program to sort the elements of an array in ascending order using insertion sort.

Write a program to search for a given element in an array using Binary search method.

Write a program to create a class with data members principle, time and rate. Create member functions to accept data values to compute simple interest and to display the result.

Write a program to create a class with data members a, b, c and member functions to input data, compute the discriminant based on the following conditions and print the roots.

If determinant=0, print the roots that are equal If the discriminant is>0, print the real roots

If the discriminant<0, print that the roots are imaginary

Program to find the area of a square/rectangle/triangle using function overloading.

Program to find the cube of a number using inline functions.

Write a program to find the sum of the series $1+x+x_2+...+x_n$ using constructors.

Create a base class containing the data members roll number and name. Also create a member function to read and display the data using the concept of single level inheritance. Create a derived class that contains marks of two subjects and total marks as the data members.

Create a class containing the following data members register No., name and fees. Also create a member function to read and display the data using the concept of pointers to objects.

Write a program to perform push items into the stack.

Write a program to pop elements from the stack.

Write a program to perform enqueue and dequeue.

Write a program to create a linked list and appending nodes.

Section B SQL

Generate the Electricity Bill for one consumer

Create a student database and compute the result.

Generate the Employee details and compute the salary based on the department.

Create database for the bank transaction.

Section C HTML

Write a HTML program to create a study time-table. Create an HTML program with table and Form.